

1.2A Low-Dropout Voltage Regulator

### **General Description**

The MIC2940A and MIC2941A are "bulletproof" efficient voltage regulators with very low dropout voltage (typically 40mV at light loads and 350mV at 1A), and low quiescent current (240µA typical). The quiescent current of the MIC2940A increases only slightly in dropout, thus prolonging battery life. Key MIC2940A features include protection against reversed battery, fold-back current limiting, and automotive "load dump" protection (60V positive transient).

The MIC2940 is available in both fixed voltage (3.3V, 5V, and 12V) and adjustable voltage configurations. The MIC2940A-xx devices are three pin, fixed voltage regulators. A logic-compatible shutdown input is provided on the adjustable MIC2941A, which enables the regulator to be switched on and off.

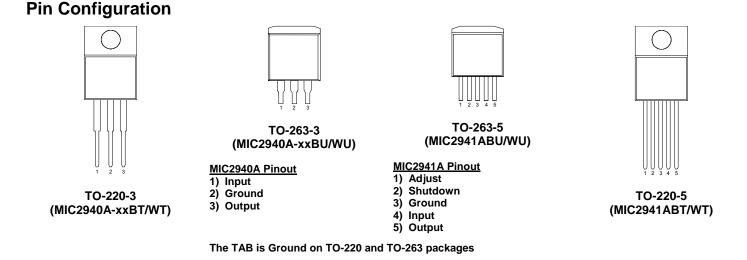
Data sheets and support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at: www.micrel.com.

#### Features

- High output voltage accuracy
- Guaranteed 1.25A output
- Low quiescent current
- Low dropout voltage
- Extremely tight load and line regulation
- Very low temperature coefficient
- · Current and thermal limiting
- Input can withstand –20V reverse battery and +60V positive transients
- Logic-controlled electronic shutdown
- Output programmable from 1.24V to 26V(MIC2941A)
- Available in TO-220, TO-263, TO-220-5, and TO-263-5 packages.

### **Applications**

- Battery powered equipment
- Cellular telephones
- Laptop, notebook, and palmtop computers
- PCMCIA VCC and VPP regulation/switching
- Bar code scanners
- Automotive electronics
- SMPS post-regulator/ DC-to-DC modules
- Voltage reference
- High efficiency linear power supplies



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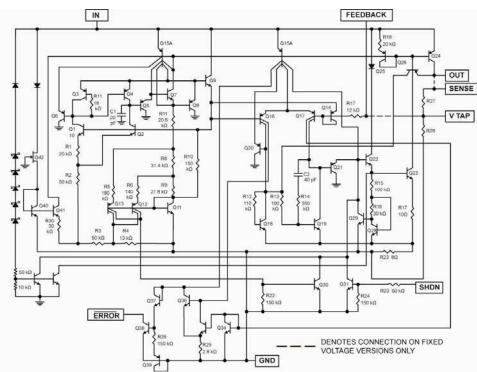
Part Number	Voltage	Temperature Range	Package	Lead Finish
MIC2940A-3.3BT	3.3V	–40° to +125°C	3-Pin TO-220	Standard
MIC2940A-3.3BU	3.3V	–40° to +125°C	3-Pin TO-263	Standard
MIC2940A-3.3WT	3.3V	–40° to +125°C	3-Pin TO-220	RoHS Comliant <sup>(1)</sup>
MIC2940A-3.3WU	3.3V	–40° to +125°C	3-Pin TO-263	RoHS Comliant <sup>(1)</sup>
MIC2940A-5.0BT	5V	–40° to +125°C	3-Pin TO-220	Standard
MIC2940A-5.0BU	5V	–40° to +125°C	3-Pin TO-263	Standard
MIC2940A-5.0WT	5V	–40° to +125°C	3-Pin TO-220	RoHS Comliant <sup>(1)</sup>
MIC2940A-5.0WU	5V	–40° to +125°C	3-Pin TO-263	RoHS Comliant <sup>(1)</sup>
MIC2940A-12BT	12V	–40° to +125°C	3-Pin TO-220	Standard
MIC2940A-12BU	12V	–40° to +125°C	3-Pin TO-263	Standard
MIC2940A-12WT	12V	–40° to +125°C	3-Pin TO-220	RoHS Comliant <sup>(1)</sup>
MIC2940A-12WU	12V	–40° to +125°C	3-Pin TO-263	RoHS Comliant <sup>(1)</sup>
MIC2941ABT	Adj.	–40° to +125°C	5-Pin TO-220	Standard
MIC2941ABU	Adj.	–40° to +125°C	5-Pin TO-263	Standard
MIC2941AWT	Adj.	–40° to +125°C	5-Pin TO-220	RoHS Comliant <sup>(1)</sup>
MIC2941AWU	Adj.	–40° to +125°C	5-Pin TO-263	RoHS Comliant <sup>(1)</sup>

### **Ordering Information**

#### Note:

1. RoHS compliant with 'hot-melting solder' exemption.

### **Schematic Diagram**



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### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, contact your local Micrel representative/distributor for availability and specifications

Power Dissipation (Note 1)	Internally Limited
Lead Temperature (soldering, 5 sec.)	
Storage Temperature	–65°C to +150°C
Operating Junction Temperature	–40°C to +125°C
TO-220 (θ <sub>JC</sub> )	2°C/W
ΤΟ-263 (θ <sub>JC</sub> )	2°C/W

Input Supply Voltage	–20V to +60V
Operating Input Supply Voltage	
Adjust Input Voltage (Notes 9 and 10)	
Shutdown Input Voltage	–0.3V to +30V
Error Comparator Output Voltage	–0.3V to +30V

 $^{\dagger}$  Across the full operating temperature, the minimum input voltage range for full output current is 4.3V to 26V. Output will remain in-regulation at lower output voltages and low current loads down to an input of 2V at 25°C.

### **Electrical Characteristics**

Limits in standard typeface are for  $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$  and limits in **boldface** apply over the full operating temperature range. Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ ,  $I_L = 1000$ mA,  $C_L = 10\mu$ F. The MIC2941A is programmed to output 5V and has  $V_{SHUTDOWN}$  0.6V.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Vo	Output Voltage Accuracy		-1 -2		1 2	% %
		5 mA ≤ I <sub>L</sub> ≤ 1A	-2.5		2.5	%
$\frac{\Delta V_{O}}{\Delta T}$	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	(Note 2)		20	100	ppm/°C
$\frac{\Delta V}{V_0}$	Line Regulation	$I_{O} = 10mA$ , $(V_{OUT} + 1V) \le V_{IN} \le 26V$		0.06	0.50	%
Vo	Load Regulation	I <sub>L</sub> = 5mA to 1.25A I <sub>L</sub> = 5mA to 1A ( <b>Note 3</b> )		0.04	0.16 0.20	% %
$V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{O}}$	Dropout Voltage (Note 4)	I <sub>L</sub> = 5mA		60	150	mV
		I <sub>L</sub> = 250mA		200	180 250 320	mV mV mV
		I <sub>L</sub> = 1000mA		350	450 600	mV mV
		I <sub>L</sub> = 1250mA		400	600	mV
	Ground Pin Current (Note 5)	I <sub>L</sub> = 5mA		240	500	μΑ
		I <sub>L</sub> = 250mA		3	4.5 6	mA mA
		I <sub>L</sub> = 1000mA		22	35 45	mA mA
		I <sub>L</sub> = 1250mA		35	70	mA
I <sub>GNDDO</sub>	Ground Pin Current at Dropout (Note 5)	$V_{\text{IN}}$ = 0.5V less than designed $V_{\text{OUT}}$ ( $V_{\text{OUT}}$ 3.3) $I_{\text{L}}$ = 5mA		330	600	μΑ
I <sub>LIMIT</sub>	Current Limit	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V ( <b>Note 6</b> )		1.6	3.5	Α
$\frac{\Delta V_{O}}{\Delta P_{D}}$	Thermal Regulation	(Note 7)		0.05	0.2	%/W
en	Output Noise Voltage (10Hz to 100kHz) $I_L = 100mA$	$C_{L} = 10\mu F$ $C_{L} = 33\mu F$		400 260		μV <sub>RMS</sub> μV <sub>RMS</sub>

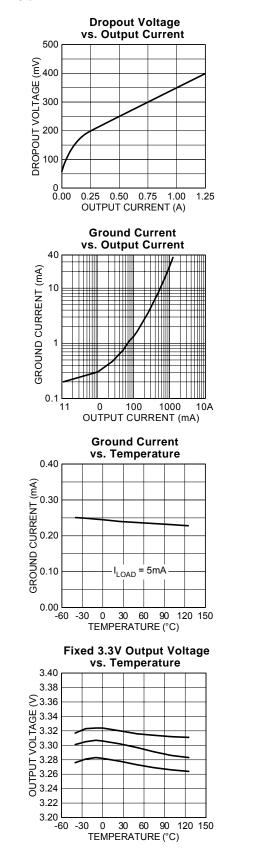
# **Electrical Characteristics (MIC2941A Only)**

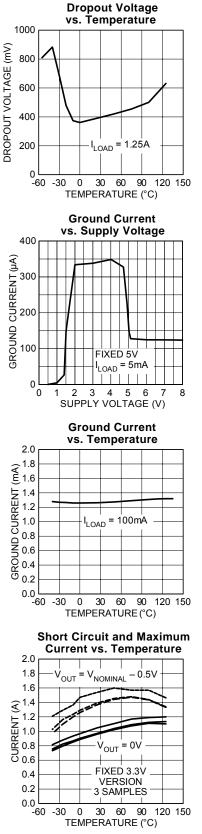
Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Reference Voltage	(Note 8)	1.223 1.210 1.204	1.235	1.247 1.260 1.266	V V V
Adjust Pin Bias Current			20	40 60	nA nA
Reference Voltage Temperature Coefficient			20		ppm/°C
Adjust Pin Bias Current Temperature Coefficient			0.1		nA/°C
Shutdown Input					
Input Logic Voltage	Low (ON) High (OFF)	2.0	1.3 0.7		V V V
Shutdown Pin Input Current	V <sub>SHUTDOWN</sub> = 2.4V		30	50 100	μΑ μΑ
	V <sub>SHUTDOWN</sub> = 26V		450	600 750	μΑ μΑ
Regulator Output Current in Shutdown	(Note 10)		3	30 60	μΑ μΑ

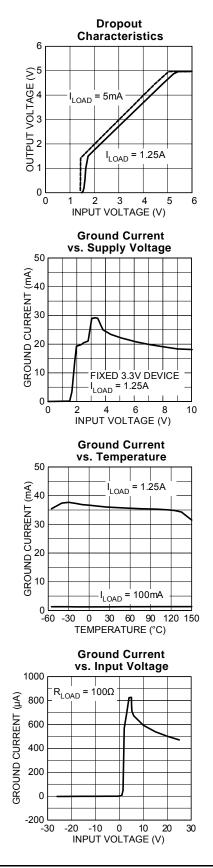
#### Notes:

- Absolute maximum ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the component may occur. Electrical specifications do not apply when operating the device outside of its rated operating conditions. The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature, T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>, the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance, θ<sub>JA</sub>, and the ambient temperature, T<sub>A</sub>. The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated using: P<sub>(MAX)</sub> = (T<sub>J(MAX)</sub> - T<sub>A</sub>) / θ<sub>JA</sub>. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will result in excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown.
- 2. Output voltage temperature coefficient is defined as the worst case voltage change divided by the total temperature range.
- 3. Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.
- 4. Dropout Voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 100 mV below its nominal value measured at 1V differential. At low values of programmed output voltage, the minimum input supply voltage of 4.3V over temperature must be taken into account.
- 5. Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current. The total current drawn from the source is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.
- The MIC2940A features fold-back current limiting. The short circuit (V<sub>OUT</sub> = 0V) current limit is less than the maximum current with normal output voltage.
- Thermal regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time T after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a 200mA load pulse at V<sub>IN</sub> = 20V (a 4W pulse) for T = 10ms.
- 8.  $V_{REF} \le V_{OUT} \le (V_{IN} 1 V), 4.3V \le V_{IN} 26V, 5mA < I_L \le 1.25A, T_J \le T_{J(MAX)}.$
- 9. Circuit of Figure 3 with R1  $\geq$  150k  $\Omega$ . V<sub>SHUTDOWN</sub>  $\geq$  2 V and V<sub>IN</sub>  $\leq$  26 V,V<sub>OUT</sub> = 0.
- 10. When used in dual supply systems where the regulator load is returned to a negative supply, the output voltage must be diode clamped to ground.
- Maximum positive supply voltage of 60 V must be of limited duration (< 100 ms) and duty cycle (≤ 1%). The maximum continuous supply voltage is 26V.

# **Typical Characteristics**

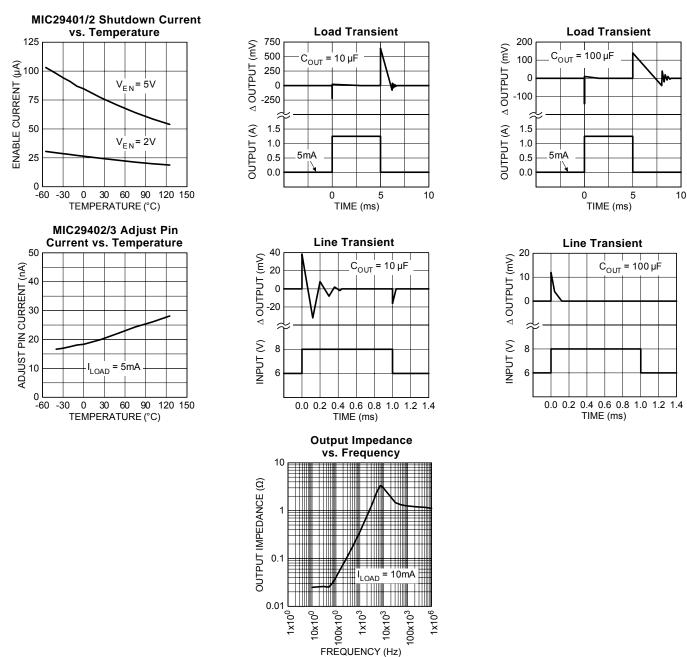






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# **Typical Characteristics (continued)**



### **Application Information**

#### **External Capacitors**

A  $10\mu$ F (or greater) capacitor is required between the MIC2940A output and ground to prevent oscillations due to instability. Most types of tantalum or aluminum electrolytics will be adequate; film types will work, but are costly and therefore not recommended. Many aluminum electrolytics have electrolytes that freeze at about  $-30^{\circ}$ C, so solid tantalums are recommended for operation below  $-25^{\circ}$ C. The important parameters of the capacitor are an effective series resistance of about  $5\Omega$  or less and a resonant frequency above 500kHz. The value of this capacitor may be increased without limit.

At lower values of output current, less output capacitance is required for output stability. The capacitor can be reduced to  $3.3\mu$ F for current below 100mA or  $2.2\mu$ F for currents below 10mA. Adjusting the MIC2941A to voltages below 5V runs the error amplifier at lower gains so that more output capacitance is needed. For the worst-case situation of a 1.25A load at 1.23V output (Output shorted to Adjust) a 22 $\mu$ F (or greater) capacitor should be used.

The MIC2940A will remain stable and in regulation with load currents ranging from 5mA on up to the full 1.25A rating. The external resistors of the MIC2941A version may be scaled to draw this minimum load current.

A 0.22µF capacitor should be placed from the MIC2940A input to ground if there is more than 10 inches of wire between the input and the AC filter capacitor or if a battery is used as the input.

#### Programming the Output Voltage (MIC2941A)

The MIC2941A may be programmed for any output voltage between its 1.235V reference and its 26V maximum rating. An external pair of resistors is required, as shown in Figure 3.

 $V_{OUT} = V_{REF} x \{ 1 + R_1/R_2 \} - |I_{FB}| R_1$ 

where  $V_{REF}$  is the nominal 1.235 reference voltage and  $I_{FB}$  is the Adjust pin bias current, nominally 20nA. The minimum recommended load current of 1µA forces an upper limit of 1.2M $\Omega$  on the value of  $R_2$ , if the regulator must work with no load (a condition often found in CMOS in standby),  $I_{FB}$  will produce a –2% typical error in  $V_{OUT}$  which may be eliminated at room temperature by trimming  $R_1$ . For better accuracy, choosing  $R_2$  = 100k $\Omega$  reduces this error to 0.17% while increasing the resistor program current to 12µA. Since the MIC2941A typically draws 100µA at no load with SHUTDOWN opencircuited, this is a negligible addition.

#### Reducing Output Noise

In reference applications it may be advantageous to reduce the AC noise present at the output. One method is to reduce the regulator bandwidth by increasing the size of the output capacitor. This is relatively inefficient, as increasing the capacitor from 1µF to 220µF only decreases the noise from 430µV to 160µV<sub>RMS</sub> for a 100kHz bandwidth at 5V output. Noise can be reduced by a factor of four with the MIC2941A by adding a bypass capacitor across R<sub>1</sub>. Pick

$$C_{BYPASS} \cong \frac{1}{2\pi R_1 200 Hz}$$

or about  $0.01\mu$ F. When doing this, the output capacitor must be increased to  $22\mu$ F to maintain stability. These changes reduce the output noise from  $430\mu$ V to  $100\mu$ V<sub>RMS</sub> for a 100kHz bandwidth at 5V output. With the bypass capacitor added, noise no longer scales with output voltage so that improvements are more dramatic at higher output voltages.

#### Automotive Applications

The MIC2940A is ideally suited for automotive applications for a variety of reasons. It will operate over a wide range of input voltages with very low dropout voltages (40mV at light loads), and very low quiescent currents (240 $\mu$ A typical). These features are necessary for use in battery powered systems, such as automobiles. It is a "bulletproof" device with the ability to survive both reverse battery (negative transients up to 20V below ground), and load dump (positive transients up to 60V) conditions. A wide operating temperature range with low temperature coefficients is yet another reason to use these versatile regulators in automotive designs.

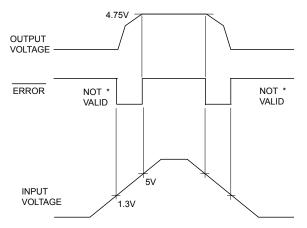
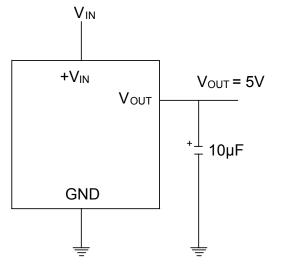
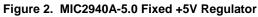


Figure 1. ERROR Output Timing

### **Typical Applications**





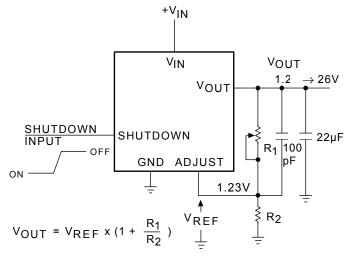
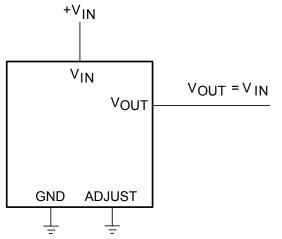
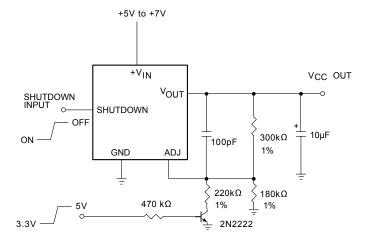


Figure 3. MIC2941A Adjustable Regulator



\* Minimum Input-Output Voltage Ranges from 40mV to 400mV, depending on Load Current.

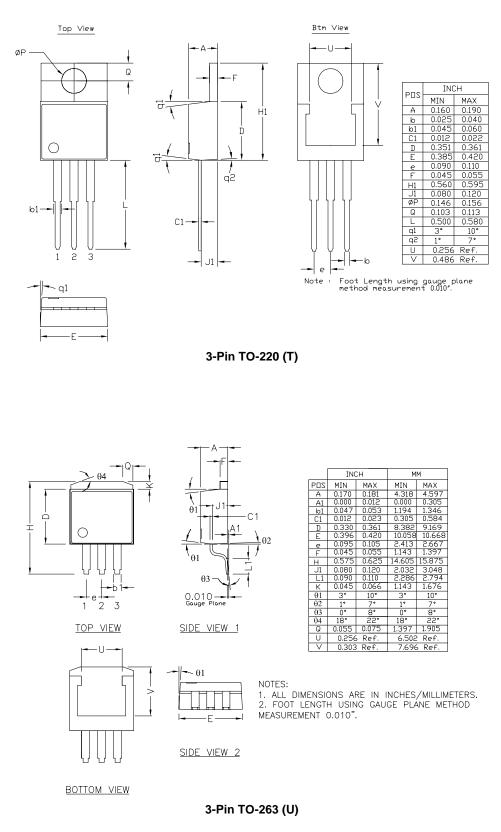
Figure 4. MIC2941A Wide Input Voltage Range Current Limit

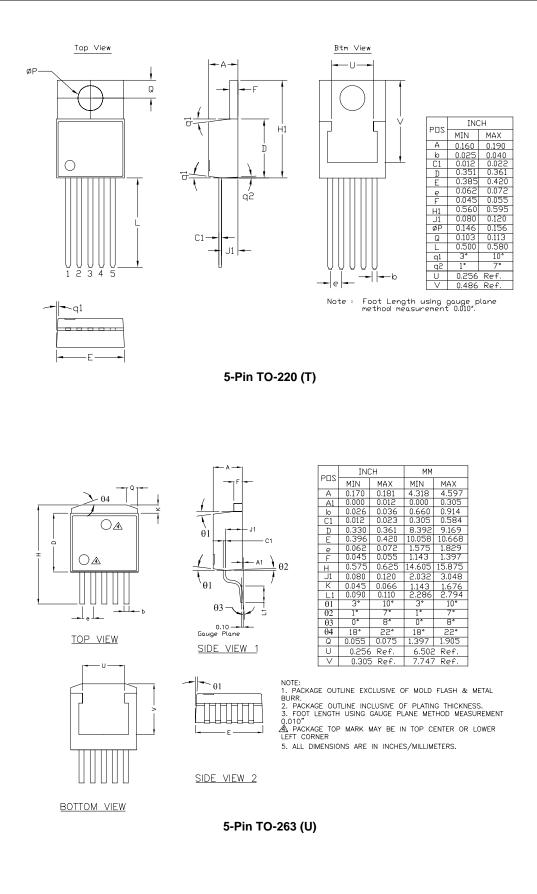


Adjust Pin Low = Enable Output. Q1 ON = 3.3V, Q1 OFF = 5.0V.

# Figure 5. MIC2941A 5.0V or 3.3V Selectable Regulator with Shutdown

### **Package Information**





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